

5.4

① The cache line size = $2^{\text{byte offset bits}}$
 $= 2^4$
 $= 16 \text{ bytes}$
Cache line size = 4 words

② The cache line size = $2^{\text{byte offset bits}}$
 $= 2^5$
 $= 32 \text{ bytes}$
Cache line size = 8 words

② of 5.4

$$\text{Cache} = 2^{\text{index}} \text{ bits}$$

$$= 2^6$$

$$= 64 \text{ entries}$$

The cache has 64 entries

$$\text{Cache} = 2^{\text{index}} \text{ bits}$$

$$= 2^7$$

$$= 128 \text{ entries}$$

The cache has 128 entries

Address	Binary address	Tag	Index	Hit/Miss
0	0000	0	0	Miss
4	100	0	0	Hit
16	10000	0	1	Miss
132	10000100	0	1000	Miss
232	10000 11101000	0	1110	Miss
160	10100000	0	1010	Miss
1024	100000000000	1	0	Miss (replaced tag 0)
30	11110	0	1	Hit
140	10001100	0	1000	Hit
3100	100110110	11	1	Miss (2)
180	10110100	0	1011	Miss
2180	10090000100	10	1000	Miss (3)

① replaced block with tag 0

② " " " " "

③ " " " " 0



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Hit Ratio

The hit Ratio is equal to number of hits / number of cache access.

In this problem total hits are 3 and cache access is 12. Therefore Hit ratio = $\frac{3}{12}$